Rollins School of Public Health

ASSESSMENT MAPPING FORM

EPI 530: Epidemiologic Methods I

1. Course Mapping:

You must demonstrate that you have met each of the *Foundational Knowledge Learning Objectives* <u>AND</u> *Foundational Competencies* associated with EPI 530. Specifically, you must map prior **graduate***level coursework completed at a CEPH-accredited school or program* to the course learning objectives/competencies outlined in the Assessment Mapping Table below. You must align each learning objective/competency with a component on your previous course syllabus that documents how the learning objective and competency was met (e.g. class lectures, required readings). Additionally, you must identify one specific <u>individual assessment</u> that your instructor used to determine whether you met <u>each learning objective/competency</u> (e.g. homework assignments, final project, presentation). Group projects that don't show how you individually met the competencies are not sufficient.

2. Course Syllabus:

You must provide a copy of the course syllabus which documents that you have received didactic training addressing the learning objectives/competencies. Assessments of competencies must be evident from the syllabus. If this is not the case, a copy of the actual assessment must be included with your syllabus. If you met the learning objectives/competencies across more than one course, you must provide a syllabus for each course, and map the learning objectives/competencies to the correct course. Note that it is NOT sufficient to provide syllabi for review; you must complete the course mapping using the table provided below.

3. Transcript:

Provide a transcript documenting that you have taken an equivalent public health foundational course in the past 5 years with a minimum final grade of B.

4. Submission for Review:

Please submit your completed Course Petition, Transcript, Syllabus and Assessment Mapping form in <u>a single PDF file</u> to your ADAP. They will route it to the appropriate MPH Program Director for review. Reviews normally take at least two weeks to process.

EPI 530: Epidemiologic Methods I – Assessment Mapping Table

Foundational Knowledge Learning Objectives	For each foundational knowledge <u>learning objective</u> listed below, please provide a specific didactic component evident from the syllabus of the course upon which the petition is based (e.g. lecture, required readings)
Explain the critical importance of evidence in advancing public health knowledge	List didactic component (e.g. name specific lecture, cite specific reading):
Foundational Competencies	For each foundational <u>competency</u> listed below, please provide a specific didactic component evident from the syllabus of the course upon which the petition is based (e.g. lecture, required readings) <u>AND</u> describe a specific assessment opportunity (e.g. homework assignment, final project, presentation).
Apply epidemiological methods to the breadth of settings and situations in public health practice	List didactic component (e.g. name specific lecture, cite specific reading): Describe specific assessment (e.g. homework assignment, final project, presentation):
Select quantitative and qualitative data collection methods appropriate for a given public health context	List didactic component (e.g. name specific lecture, cite specific reading): Describe specific assessment (e.g. homework assignment, final project, presentation):
EPI 530 Learning Objectives	For each EPI 530 learning objective please provide the following: o a specific deliverable or product (e.g. final essay, presentation, exam, report) o class syllabus with assignment highlighted o other documented evidence
Choose the appropriate study design for a given research question	

Calculate and	
interpret	
measures of	
disease and	
exposure	
frequency	
Understand the	
role and	
practical	
applications of	
surveillance in	
public health	
Calculate and	
interpret the	
appropriate	
measures of	
association	
between an	
exposure and	
disease for	
different study	
designs (ratio	
and difference	
measures,	
where	
appropriate)	
Quantify	
measures of	
potential	
impact	
Evaluate	
screening and	
diagnostic tests	
by calculating	
and	
interpreting	
sensitivity,	
specificity, and	
predictive	
values	
Interpret 95%	
confidence	
intervals and p-	
values in the	
context of how	
random error	
affects	
epidemiologic	
studies	

Recognize and	
evaluate the	
impact of the	
main sources of	
error (selection	
bias,	
information	
bias, and	
confounding) in	
epidemiologic	
research	
Assess data for	
confounding	
and interaction	
(effect	
modification)	
Perform simple	
and stratified	
analyses of	
data	
Describe and	
calculate	
measures of	
reliability in	
epidemiological	
studies	
Understand	
approaches to	
assessing	
causal	
relationships in	
observational	
studies	